Transferring Smoothly: Out-of-Hospital Birth Transfers

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Transitioning Smoothly

Acknowledgement of two truths is necessary in order to have this conversation:

- 1. Women are going to continue to choose to deliver at birth centers and at home.
- 2. Women are occasionally going to need transfer to a hospital for management of complications / concerns.

Parents' Rights

Utah Code 58-77-304:

 "Parents have the right to deliver their baby where, when, how, and with whom they choose, regardless of licensure."

Transitioning Smoothly

- The relative rarity of the event only makes the topic more relevant, because it is hard to do something really well, when we only do it occasionally.
- Integrated systems seem to be safest...we don't have one.

Objectives

- Discuss state and national trends in OOH birth
- Introduce Home Birth Summit & Utah Women and Newborns Quality Collaborative
- Review tools to promote safe transfers





Percentage of births occurring out-of hospital, 1990-2012

National Center for Health Statistics



Percentage of births occurring out-of hospital, by state, 1990-2012

NOTE: Access data table for Figure 3 at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db144_table.pdf#1. SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Vital Statistics System, birth certificate data.

Women Who Choose OOH Birth

ARE MORE LIKELY:

 $^{\circ}AMA$

° White

° Multiparous

° Educated

° Rural

ARE LESS LIKELY:

ObesePrior cesarean

Organizations Working on This Issue

Home Birth Summit (homebirthsummit.org)

•Utah Women and Newborn Quality Collaborative (uwnqc.org)



What is UWNQC?

Launched in November 2013, the Utah Women and Newborns Quality Collaborative (UWNQC) is a statewide collaboration built to improve maternal and neonatal outcomes.



UWNQC Core Projects

- Prevention of recurrent preterm birth-Progesterone Project (17P)
 - Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)
 - Transfers to hospital from home or birth center (Out-of-Hospital Birth)

Out-of-Hospital Birth Subcommittee: Mission

- 1) Analysis of the current state of out-of-hospital births in Utah
- 2) Identification of maternal and neonatal safety issues related to out-of-hospital birth transfers
- 3) Creation of tools to facilitate safe transfers
- 4) Identification of statewide action items



www.uwnqc.org



Out-of-Hospital Births Resources

PROGESTERONE PROJECT (17P)

Our aim is to reduce the incidence of recurrent preterm birth by increasing the use of 17P so more eligible women receive appropriate treatment in Utah.

Learn More

NEONATAL ABSTINENCE SYNDROME (NAS)

Our aim is to adopt and implement a standardized algorithm in Utah for identification of the drug-exposed newborn and plan of care to minimize symptoms of withdrawal.

Learn More

OUT-OF-HOSPITAL BIRTH (OOH)

Our aim is to analyze the current state of out of hospital births in Utah and to create a statewide action items addressing the recognized safety issues.

Learn More

OB Hemorrhage Management

Our aim is to develop and strengthen strategies in Utah to prevent maternal death and improve maternal health outcomes.

Learn More

Informational Resources

- <u>Utah Best Practice Guidelines: Transfer to Hospital from Planned</u>
 <u>Out-of-Hospital Birth</u>
- Three Questions Debriefing Form
- Midwife Infographic
- Home Birth Summit Best Practice Guidelines: Transfer from
 Planned Home Birth to Hospital
- Planned Out-of-Hospital Births in Utah, 2010-2012: A Descriptive Review

Maternal Transfer Form

- UWNQC Maternal Transfer Form (Fillable)
- UWNQC Maternal Transfer Form (Printable)

Neonatal Transfer Form

- UWNQC Neonatal Transfer Form (Fillable)
- UWNQC Neonatal Transfer Form (Printable)

Hospital Specific Transfer Algorithms

- Davis Hospital and Medical Center (Layton, UT)
- Intermountain Medical Center (Murray, UT)
- Jordan Valley Medical Center (West Jordan, UT)
- University of Utah Health Care (Salt Lake City, UT)

Hospital Specific Transfer Referral Guides

- Intermountain Medical Center (Murray, UT)
- Jordan Valley Medical Center (West Jordan, UT)

First Report on Planned Out-of-Hospital Births in Utah

Planned Out-of-Hospital Births in Utah, 2010-2012: A Descriptive Review

Utah Department of Health, Maternal Child Health Bureau

January 6, 2015

Background:

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services recently published a data brief indicating that large changes in birthing patterns in the United States have occurred over the past century. In 1900, almost all births occurred outside a hospital, most of which occurred at home. This proportion fell to 44% by 1940 and to 1% by 1969. (1) Planned out-of-hospital (OOH) births are still relatively uncommon in Utah, but the trend is increasing (see Figure 1).

Planned Out-of-hospital Births, 2000-2015



Out-of-Hospital Birth Report, 2010-2012

- Descriptive statistics
- Notable limitations
 - $_{\odot}$ Unable to identify intended out-of-hospital births who ultimately delivered in the hospital
 - O Unable to identify intrapartum fetal deaths that occur in an out-of-hospital setting

Changes in the birth and fetal death certificates

Changes in Birth & Death Certificates

 Allows capture of intended out-of-hospital births that ultimately deliver in the hospital

 Oregon is the only other state to capture this information (unable to differentiate home vs. birth center)

Mother Transferred FROM ANOTHER BIRTHING FACILITY DURING LABOR/DELIVERY (Hospital or Freestanding Birth Center)							
If "Yes" Birthing Facility Na	ame	State					
Mother transferred TO a hospital from an attempted <u>home birth</u>							
During Labor	Postpartum (within 24 hrs of delivery	Unknown					

Snowden et al., NEJM, 2015

Transfer Forms: Maternal and Neonatal

 \odot Communication tools

- \odot Based on Home Birth Summit and work from other states
- \odot SBAR format
 - Situation, Background, Assessment, Recommendation
- Field-tested in an iterative process

MATERNAL Transfer to Hospital Provider-to-Provider Report

Patient Last Name:		
Contact Number; (Date:/ / Time:: Patient Last Name: Patient First Name: DOB:/ / Transfer to:	Contact Number: () -
to the above "Transfer from" provider. Membrane Status: Intact / SROM / AROM SITUATION:		
Monitoring: Intermittent / Continuous BACKGROUND:	to the above "Transfer from" provider.	Membrane Status: Intact/ SROM/ AROM Date ROM: / Fluid: Clear/ Meconium/ Bloody Fetal Status: Last Exam: Baseline: Variability: Y / N
EDD:by LMP:or U/S @weeks Fetal Number:Presentation:		Monitoring: Intermittent / Continuous Labor Status: No Labor / Early / Active / 2nd Stage Last Cervical Exam:
Previous Cesarean! P N m Scal Type. EPCS/ Othe? Previous Vaginal Birth? Y/ N #: Previous VBAC? Y/ N #: LABS AND MEDICATIONS U/S @ weeks Findings: NML/ Other: Placenta: Anterior / Posterior / Previa / Low: cm from os. Pertinent History: (Current Pregnancy / OB History / Medical/ Surgical)		Ctx Pattern: Maternal VS Time::
U/S @weeks Findings: NML/ Other:		
Meds/Supplements/Allergies:	U/S @ weeks Findings: NML/ Other: Placenta: Anterior / Posterior / Previa / Low: cm from os. Pertinent History: (Current Pregnancy / OB History / Medical/ Surgical)	ABO/Rh: A B AB O UNK Pos / Neg/ UNK H/H:/ PLTS:/ UNK HIV: Pos / Neg / UNK RPR: Pos / Neg / UNK HepB sAg: Pos / Neg / UNK Rubella: Imm / Non-Immune / Equiv / UNK GBS: Pos / Neg / UNK Date: _/ / ABX: PCN / None / Other:
EBL: Lacerations/ Complications: ASSESSMENT: RECOMMENDATION: Method of Transport: Private Car / Ambulance ETA: Place of Arrival: ED/ L&D/ Postpartum Unit Maternal Desires:	Meds/Supplements/Allergies:	
Method of Transport: Private Car / Ambulance ETA: Place of Arrival: ED/ L&D/ Postpartum Unit Maternal Desires:	EBL: Lacerations/ Complications:	
Maternal Desires:	RECOMMENDATION:	
		val: ED/ L&D/ Postpartum Unit
	Person(s) Accompanying Patient:	

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Utah Women & Newborns Quality Collaborative

To submit feedback on this form or to comment on the transfer process, please visit UWNQC.org or call 801.273-2856. Go to UWNQC.org for updated versions of the Maternal Transfer to Hospital Provider-to-Provider Report Form. Revised 7/2/2015

NEONATAL Transfer to Hospital Provider-to-Provider Report



Date: /	Transfer from: Birthing Center/ Home Birth Provider: Contact Number: Facility Name: Contact Number: Fax: Contact Number:
Hospital: Please send communication and discharge summary to the above "Transfer from" provider. SITUATION:	LAST NEONATAL VS Time:
Pertinent Maternal History (Medical/ Surgical/ OB):	·
ASSESSMENT:	
RECOMMENDATION:	
Method of Transport: Private Car / Ambulance ETA: Place of Arriva Parental Desires: Person(s) Accompanying Neonate:	al: ER/ NICU/ Transition Nursery/ Peds Floor

To submit feedback on this form or to comment on the transfer process, please visit UWNQC.org or call 801.273-2856. Go to UWNQC.org for updated versions of the Maternal Transfer to Hospital Provider-to-Provider Report Form. Revised 7/2/2015

Transfer Forms: Maternal and Neonatal

 \odot How should we use these?

- \odot Encouraged communication tool
- Facilitates SBAR oral communication
- \odot Option to fill out prior to transport as a concise summary
- Option to fill out after arrival with the accepting medical team in the case of urgent transfers
- Ensures correct information re: the transferring midwife and facilitates communication



Home Birth Summit

The Future of Home Birth in the United States: Addressing Shared Responsibility

Best Practice Guidelines: Transfer from Planned Home Birth to Hospital

Utah Women & Newborn Quality Collaborative

June 2016

• Utah Best Practice Guidelines

- Based on national guidelines
- Defines model practices
 - Midwife
 - Hospital provider and staff
 - Hospitals and hospital systems

Utah Best Practice Guidelines: Transfer to Hospital from Planned Out-of-Hospital Birth

Mission Statement:

Women have the right to choose out-of-hospital birth at home or in a birth center. Regardless of our individual opinions regarding this choice, we must begin with the acknowledgement that some women will continue to choose out-of-hospital birth. An integrated, inter-professional maternity care system, that promotes safe and seamless transfer of care to the hospital, is recommended to optimize outcomes for mothers and their babies. The **Utah Best Practice Guidelines** were created in order to facilitate inter-professional collaboration, communication, and safe hospital transfer for mothers and their newborns.

"All women and families planning a home or birth center birth have a right to respectful, safe, and seamless consultation, referral, transport, and transfer of care when necessary. When ongoing inter-professional dialogue and cooperation occur, everyone benefits." -Home Birth Summit





Purpose:

- 1. Promote the highest quality of care for women and families across birth settings via respectful inter-professional collaboration and ongoing communication.
- 2. Highlight core elements to be included when developing hospital and healthcare system documents and policies related to hospital transfer from out-of-hospital planned birth.

Development of the Utah Best Practice Guidelines:

The Best Practice Guidelines from the Home Birth Summit were developed by a multidisciplinary group of home and hospital-based providers and stakeholders who were delegates at the National Home Birth Consensus Summits in 2011 and 2013 (www.homebirthsummit.org). These national guidelines were used as a template for developing the **Utah Best Practice Guidelines**.



Hospitals & Hospital Systems



Model Practices for the Midwife



Model Practices for the Hospital Provider and Staff



Model Practices for Hospitals and Hospital Systems

Helping Hospitals: A Transfer Algorithm

Hospitals need to identify their transfer process
 What number should a transferring provider call?
 Maternal: Antepartum / Intrapartum / Postpartum
 Neonatal

-Non-urgent vs. urgent

 Our goal is to help each hospital define their process aand post on the UWNQC website for easy reference

University of Utah Health Care | Planned Out of Hospital Births Referral Guidelines

	Antepartum Intrapartum Intrapartum Postpartum (Maternal)								
	Non-Urgent*	Urgent**	Non-Urgent*	Urgent**	Non-Urgent*	Urgent**	Non-urgent*	Urgent**	
					formation				
Who is the contact at the hospital for general issues regarding OOH transfers?	Dr. Erin Clark, Office: 801-581-8425		Dr. Erin Clark, Office: 801-581-8425		Dr. Erin Clark, Office: 801-581-8425		Dr. Julie Shakib, Office: 801-581-2261		
				Transfer	Process				
Will the hospital accept transfer of these patients from OOH providers?	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES Will accept referrals for primary care.	YES Urgent newborn transfers are generally routed to Primary Children's Hospital via EMS.	
What telephone number should the OOH provider call?	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	University of Utah Transfer Center: 801-587-8980	Clinic 6 Pediatrics: 801-581-2205	Call 911. EMS will then transport the newborn to the most appropriate facility.	
To whom should the OOH provider ask to speak?	MFM Physician On-Call	MFM Physician On-Call	MFM Physician On-Call	MFM Physician On-Call	MFM Physician On-Call	MFM Physician On-Call	Speak with the Clinic 6 scheduling staff to schedule an outpatient appointment.	Call 911	
Other information or instructions	The University of Utah endorses the "Utah Best Practice Guidelines: Transfer to Hospital from Planned Out-of-Hospital Birth" and complies with all best practice recommendations therein. We respect the right of women to choose their birth setting. We seek to facilitate safe hospital transfer for mothers and their newborns by promoting interprofessional collaboration and communication.								
In addition to the UWNQC transfer forms and the relevant medical records, is there anything else the OOH provider should routinely provide?	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	
To which department should the patient go?	As instructed by MFM physician.	As instructed by MFM physician.	As instructed by MFM physician.	As instructed by MFM physician.	As instructed by MFM physician.	As instructed by MFM physician.	University of Utah Hospital Clinic 6 Pediatrics	EMS will determine.	
In addition to the OOH provider, how many people may accompany the patient?	Labor and Delivery and Postpartum Units allow 5 visitors, not including the midwife or doula. University of Utah considers the transferring midwife to be an important part of the woman's support team.						N/A	2	
Anything else?	University of Utah is developing a specific policy regarding well newborns that accompany admitted mothers. Please refer to this policy for details, when available.								
				Post-Transfer (Communication				
How will the hospital provider report back to the OOH provider on the patient's hospital course?	We will use the UWNQC Maternal Transfer Form to find up-to-date and accurate contact information for the transferring midwife. Updates will be given by phone during the hospital admission. The hospital provider will coordinate follow-up care prior to discharge. For all maternal admissions, relevent medical records including admission history and by the midwife identified on the midwife identified on the							arge summary will be sent to entified on the	
	*Non-urgent is defined as a condition where the patient needs medical attention, but the situation is not life-threatening, and a delay of up to hours is not likely to significantly affect the outcome.								

**Urgent is defined as a condition where the patient needs immediate medical attention to prevent serious injury or death.



Midwives in Utah

Educational Tools

•*Midwife Infographic*

- Midwife types
- Statistics
- Similarities & differences





2014 - 51,164 Total Live Births in Utah



Transfer Toolkit posters available through UWNQC

Julia Johnson juliajohnson@utah.gov

Concluding Goals

- ° Know the data for OOH births in the U.S. and your state
 - New Utah Out-of-Hospital Birth Report to be published 2017
- Encourage use of maternal/neonatal transfer forms
 - Choose Home Birth Summit or UWNQC forms
- Become familiar with Best Practice Guidelines for transfers

• Choose Home Birth Summit or UWNQC guidelines

Create a transfer algorithm for your hospital